

Theoretical Studies of the Vibrational Spectra and Molecular Structures of Dosulepin and Doxepin

F. Shojaie

Department of Photonic, Institute of Science and High Technology and Environmental Sciences, Graduate University of Advanced Technology, P.O. Box: 76315-117, Kerman, Iran

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Dosulepin and doxepin are tricyclic antidepressants. The molecular geometries, harmonic vibrational frequencies, quantum chemical parameters and thermodynamic properties of dosulepin and doxepin were calculated by Generalized Gradient Approximation methods developed by Perdew and Wang (GGA-PW91) and Becke-Lee-Yang-Parr (GGA-BLYP) in the gas phase and solution media. The local reactivity of these drugs was studied by the Fukui indices in order to predict both the reactive centers and the possible sites of nucleophilic and electrophilic attacks. Computational and chemical simulations were carried out for these drugs. Quantum chemical parameters of dosulepin and doxepin were calculated and compared. The simulation results show that dosulepin is quite a reactive drug. The fundamental modes of the vibrational frequencies were determined for dosulepin and doxepin. The BLYP/PW91 analyses of the wavenumbers show that the frequencies assigned to doxepin are higher than those assigned to dosulepin in the gas phase and solution media.

Keywords: Dosulepin, Doxepin, Infrared (IR) spectra, Quantum chemical parameters

INTRODUCTION

Dosulepin (formerly known as dothiepin) [3-dibenzo (b,e) thiepin-11(6H)-ylidene-N,N-dimethyl-1-propamine] and doxepin [3-dibenzo (b,e) oxepin-(6H)-ylidene-N,N-dimethyl-1-propanamine] are tricyclic antidepressant (TCAs). They have a tertiary amine chemical structure and have been used for the treatment of depression and anxiety disorders [1]. They have identical chemical structures except in the center ring where dosulepin has a sulfur atom, whereas doxepin has an oxygen atom.

The synthesis of dosulepin hydrochloride and doxepin hydrochloride by Grignard Reactions in Toluene was reported by Jalander, L [2]. Abdellatif *et al.* have proposed that spectrophotometric and spectrofluorimetric methods could be used for determination of tramadol, acebutolol and dosulepin hydrochlorides in pure forms and pharmaceutical formulations [3]. The absorption and fluorescence spectra of

dosulepin and doxepin in solvents with different polarities and in β -cyclodextrin have been recorded by Sankaranarayanan *et al.* [4]. They analyzed the solid inclusion complexes of both drugs by Fourier Transform Infrared (FT-IR) spectra and demonstrated that the absorption and emission maxima of dosulepin in solvents are redder shifted than doxepin. The reason that we have carried out this work is because we have not found any reports on structural studies of dosulepin and doxepin. The understanding of chemical and biological properties of compounds depends largely on knowledge of their molecular structures and spectral behaviors. This work describes the structural and vibrational properties of the dosulepin and doxepin. The purpose of this work is a detailed investigation of the vibrational spectra of dosulepin and doxepin.

Computational Details

Electronic and geometric structures of the dosulepin and doxepin molecules were calculated by the Dmol³ program

*Corresponding author. E-mail: f.shojaie@kgut.ac.ir

package in Materials Studio 5.5 [5-8]. The main calculations presented in this work are based on the Generalized Gradient Corrections (GGA) method developed by Perdew and Wang (PW91) and Becke-Lee-Yang-Parr (BLYP) [8-11]. The atomic orbital basis set was derived numerically for an atom in a centered grid using Double Numeric plus Polarization (DNP) functions. The size of the DNP basis set is comparable to 6-31G** Gaussian basis sets but more accurate. Total energy convergence criteria for Self-Consistent Field (SCF) were set to 10^{-6} eV. To improve computational performance in terms of fast SCF convergence, a smearing of 0.005 Hartree was considered.

Full geometry optimization was performed by examining species in the gas phase and solution media. The effect of the solvent in water was estimated by the Conductor-like Screening Model (COSMO) [12]. The dielectric constant of water was taken as 78.54 in this model. The drug conformers were considered to be minima based on the absence of imaginary frequencies, which provides a true minimum on the potential surface.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Geometric Structure

The structures and the optimized configurations of dosulepin and doxepin are presented in Fig. 1. Table 1 shows the bond lengths and the bond angles of these drugs in accordance with the atom numbering schemes of the molecules as presented in Fig. 1. According to our calculations, the bond lengths and the bond angles of these two drugs in their gas phase are approximately equal to their corresponding bond lengths and bond angles in their solution media. The doxepin C5-O-C8 bond angle is wider than dosulepin C5-S-C8 bond angle in the gas phase and solution media and this is undoubtedly due to the higher steric repulsion caused by the shorter C5-O and C8-O bonds than C5-S and C8-S bonds, respectively [13]. The O-C8-C9 and O-C5-C4 bond angles are respectively greater than S-C8-C9 and S-C5-C4 in both phases. The differences between the doxepin O-C8-C9 and O-C5-C4 bond angles in the gas phase and their corresponding values in solution media (0.346, 0.368 degrees) are greater than the differences between dosulepin S-C8-C9 and S-C5-C4 bond angles in gas phase and their corresponding values in

solution media (0.076, 0.062). A possible explanation for this phenomenon is that the solvent has more influence on the polarization of oxygen atom than the sulfur atom.

IR Spectra

The dosulepin and doxepin molecules consist of 42 atoms, with 120 normal modes of fundamental vibrations. All of the normal modes are active in IR absorption in the gas phase and solution media. The calculated wavenumbers and assignments are given in Table 2.

CH₃ vibrations. Two methyl groups are present in dosulepin and doxepin which are directly connected to the nitrogen atom. For methyl groups, the asymmetric stretching vibrations are observed in the region 2950-3080 cm^{-1} and the symmetric stretching appears in the region 2900-2970 cm^{-1} [14]. For the two methyl groups of dosulepin, asymmetric stretching bands, calculated by the BLYP/PW91 method, occur in the regions 3001-3013 cm^{-1} and 3047-3048 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and in the regions 3011-3015 cm^{-1} and 3041-3047 cm^{-1} in solution media. For this compound, the symmetric stretching observed bands, calculated by BLYP/PW91 method, occur in the ranges 2837-2969 cm^{-1} and 2853-2999 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and in the ranges 2852-2966 cm^{-1} and 2867-2991 cm^{-1} in solution media.

The BLYP/PW91 calculations assign the ranges of asymmetric stretching vibrations of the methyl groups of doxepin to be 3017-3065 cm^{-1} and 3044-3100 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 3013-3067 cm^{-1} and 3029-3103 cm^{-1} in solution media. The BLYP calculations assign values of symmetric stretching bands to be 2865, 2850 and 2836 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 2860, 2864 and 2872 cm^{-1} in solution media. However, the PW91 method assigns values of symmetric stretching bands to be 2884, 2872 and 2853 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 2894, 2887 and 2861 cm^{-1} in solution media.

The asymmetrical and symmetrical deformations are expected in the range 1400-1485 cm^{-1} and $1380 \pm 25 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ [14]. BLYP method calculates the ranges of the asymmetric stretching bands of dosulepin methyl group to be 1445-1492 cm^{-1} and 1441-1486 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and solution media respectively, and same ranges calculated by PW91 are 1436-1479 cm^{-1} and 1426-1474 cm^{-1} . For this compound, BLYP/PW91 calculations assign the asymmetric

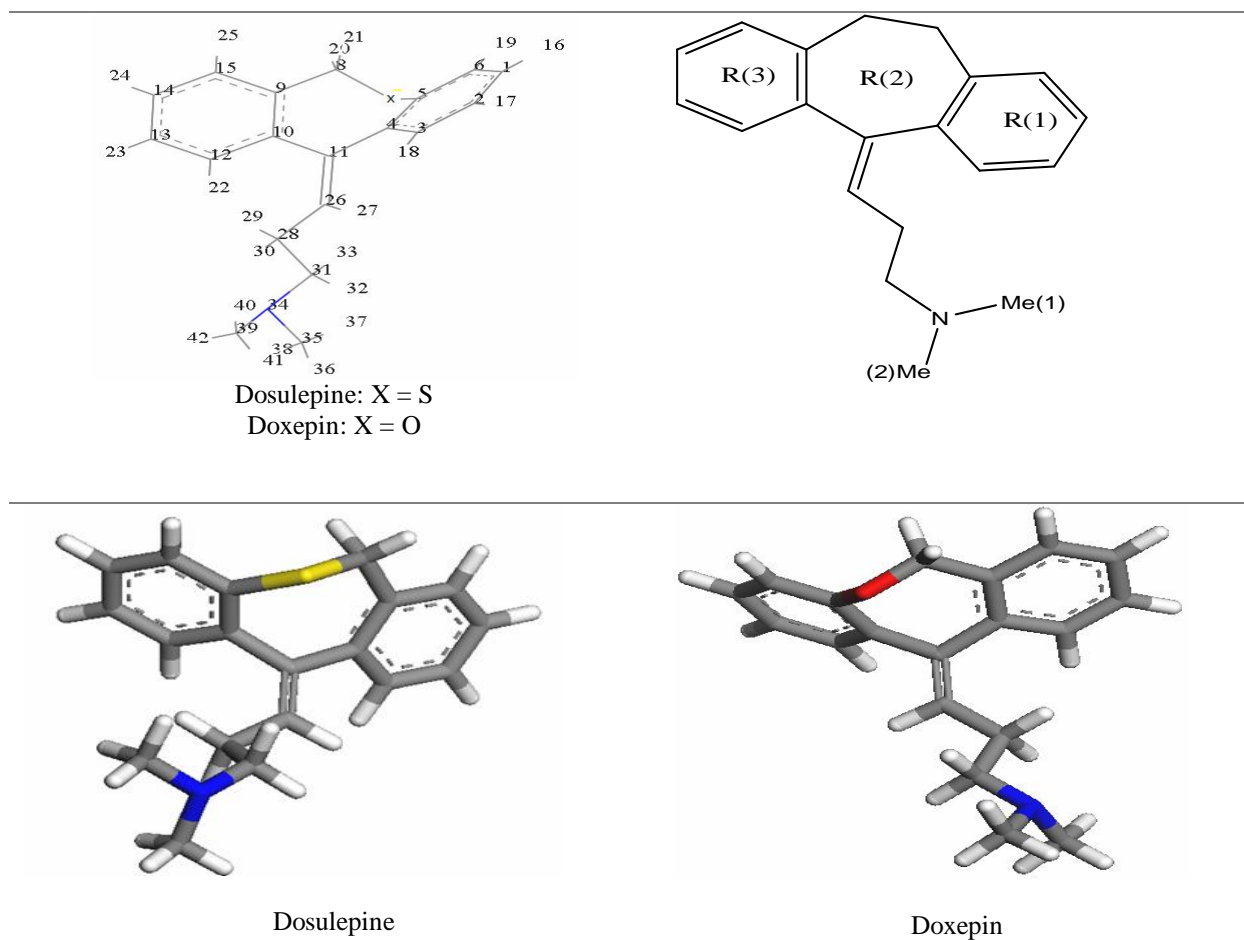


Fig. 1. The structures and the Optimized geometries (BLYP) of dosulepin and doxepin.

deformation band regions to be $1412\text{--}1432\text{ cm}^{-1}$ and $1402\text{--}1434\text{ cm}^{-1}$ in the gas phase and solution media respectively, and values of asymmetric deformation bands to be 1407 , 1427 and 1443 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 1390 , 1430 and 1405 cm^{-1} in solution media.

The doxepin asymmetrical deformation modes have been determined in the ranges $1443\text{--}1491\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (BLYP) and $1446\text{--}1482\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (PW91) for gas phase and in the ranges $1442\text{--}1478\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (BLYP) and $1442\text{--}1482\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (PW91) for solution media. For this molecule, the BLYP/PW91 calculated values of symmetric deformation modes are 1416 cm^{-1} and 1433 , 1432 and 1402 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 1408 , 1432 cm^{-1} and 1400 , 1426 and 1420 cm^{-1} in solution media. The regions of calculated frequencies for the methyl

groups of doxepin are similar to dosulepin in the gas phase and solution media.

Ring vibrations. The C-H stretching vibrations of aromatic structures generally occur in the region $3050\text{--}3150\text{ cm}^{-1}$. For the dosulepin, these modes have been calculated to be $3076\text{--}3127\text{ cm}^{-1}$ and $3097\text{--}3128\text{ cm}^{-1}$ by BLYP method and $3098\text{--}3141\text{ cm}^{-1}$ and $3096\text{--}3142\text{ cm}^{-1}$ by PW91 method in the gas phase and solution media, respectively. The regions of C-H stretching vibrations of the R1 and R3 rings of doxepin have been assigned to be $3102\text{--}3150\text{ cm}^{-1}$ by BLYP method and $3137\text{--}3182\text{ cm}^{-1}$ by PW91 method in the gas phase and same regions have been assigned to be $3122\text{--}3152\text{ cm}^{-1}$ by BLYP method and $3147\text{--}3184\text{ cm}^{-1}$ by PW91 method in solution media.

Table 1. Bond Lengths and Bond Angles of Dosulepin and Doxepin Optimized by BLYP and PW91

| Bond lengths (Å) | Dosulepin | | | | Doxepin | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| | Gas | | Solvent | | Gas | | Solvent | |
| Bond angles (degree) | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 |
| C1-C2 | 1.401 | 1.397 | 1.402 | 1.398 | 1.400 | 1.396 | 1.401 | 1.397 |
| C2-C3 | 1.401 | 1.397 | 1.402 | 1.398 | 1.401 | 1.396 | 1.402 | 1.397 |
| C3-C4 | 1.408 | 1.403 | 1.409 | 1.404 | 1.406 | 1.401 | 1.408 | 1.402 |
| C4-C5 | 1.412 | 1.407 | 1.412 | 1.407 | 1.408 | 1.403 | 1.408 | 1.404 |
| C5-C6 | 1.404 | 1.400 | 1.405 | 1.400 | 1.398 | 1.393 | 1.398 | 1.393 |
| C1-C6 | 1.400 | 1.396 | 1.401 | 1.397 | 1.401 | 1.396 | 1.402 | 1.397 |
| C6-H19 | 1.088 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.090 | 1.088 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 |
| C1-H16 | 1.089 | 1.057 | 1.089 | 1.090 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 |
| C2-H17 | 1.089 | 1.090 | 1.089 | 1.090 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 |
| C3-H18 | 1.089 | 1.090 | 1.089 | 1.090 | 1.089 | 1.090 | 1.089 | 1.090 |
| C5-O | - | - | - | - | 1.398 | 1.386 | 1.401 | 1.389 |
| C5-S | 1.804 | 1.786 | 1.806 | 1.787 | - | - | - | - |
| C8-O | - | - | - | - | 1.445 | 1.430 | 1.452 | 1.437 |
| C8-S | 1.858 | 1.836 | 1.858 | 1.836 | - | - | - | - |
| C8-C9 | 1.525 | 1.514 | 1.525 | 1.514 | 1.528 | 1.516 | 1.527 | 1.515 |
| C9-C10 | 1.420 | 1.415 | 1.422 | 1.416 | 1.417 | 1.412 | 1.419 | 1.414 |
| C10-C11 | 1.503 | 1.492 | 1.505 | 1.493 | 1.496 | 1.486 | 1.499 | 1.489 |
| C4-C11 | 1.503 | 1.492 | 1.503 | 1.492 | 1.497 | 1.487 | 1.498 | 1.488 |
| C8-H20 | 1.097 | 1.098 | 1.096 | 1.097 | 1.097 | 1.097 | 1.096 | 1.097 |
| C8-H21 | 1.098 | 1.099 | 1.098 | 1.099 | 1.104 | 1.104 | 1.101 | 1.102 |
| C10-C12 | 1.416 | 1.409 | 1.417 | 1.411 | 1.415 | 1.410 | 1.416 | 1.411 |
| C12-C13 | 1.396 | 1.392 | 1.397 | 1.393 | 1.395 | 1.391 | 1.396 | 1.392 |
| C13-C14 | 1.399 | 1.394 | 1.400 | 1.396 | 1.400 | 1.395 | 1.401 | 1.397 |
| C14-C15 | 1.397 | 1.393 | 1.398 | 1.394 | 1.396 | 1.391 | 1.397 | 1.392 |
| C9-C15 | 1.409 | 1.404 | 1.411 | 1.405 | 1.407 | 1.402 | 1.408 | 1.403 |
| C15-H25 | 1.091 | 1.091 | 1.090 | 1.091 | 1.091 | 1.092 | 1.090 | 1.091 |
| C14-H24 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.090 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 |
| C13-H23 | 1.090 | 1.090 | 1.090 | 1.090 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 | 1.089 |

Table 1. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| C12-H22 | 1.088 | 1.089 | 1.088 | 1.090 | 1.088 | 1.089 | 1.033 | 1.088 |
| C11-C26 | 1.356 | 1.354 | 1.357 | 1.359 | 1.355 | 1.324 | 1.356 | 1.354 |
| C26-H27 | 1.093 | 1.094 | 1.093 | 1.094 | 1.093 | 1.094 | 1.093 | 1.094 |
| C26-C28 | 1.504 | 1.493 | 1.504 | 1.493 | 1.508 | 1.497 | 1.508 | 1.497 |
| C28-C31 | 1.568 | 1.556 | 1.566 | 1.555 | 1.548 | 1.536 | 1.546 | 1.535 |
| C31-N | 1.472 | 1.459 | 1.477 | 1.464 | 1.476 | 1.462 | 1.481 | 1.466 |
| C35-N | 1.467 | 1.455 | 1.473 | 1.460 | 1.471 | 1.458 | 1.476 | 1.463 |
| C39-N | 1.466 | 1.453 | 1.472 | 1.459 | 1.471 | 1.457 | 1.477 | 1.463 |
| C5-O-C8 | - | - | - | - | 114.656 | 114.147 | 114.406 | 113.854 |
| C5-C-S8 | 97.682 | 97.305 | 98.090 | 97.838 | - | - | - | - |
| O-C8-C9 | - | - | - | - | 117.738 | 117.619 | 117.170 | 117.051 |
| C-S8-C9 | 119.852 | 119.461 | 119.537 | 119.219 | - | - | - | - |
| C4-C11-C10 | 120.004 | 120.334 | 120.005 | 120.309 | 117.442 | 117.806 | 117.085 | 117.445 |
| O-C5-C4 | - | - | - | - | 119.167 | 119.274 | 118.821 | 118.906 |
| C-S5-C4 | 119.170 | 118.864 | 119.094 | 118.802 | - | - | - | - |
| C4-C11-C26 | 120.690 | 120.247 | 120.642 | 120.278 | 118.362 | 118.294 | 117.085 | 118.462 |
| H20-C8-H21 | 106.995 | 106.728 | 107.052 | 106.728 | 107.491 | 107.296 | 107.546 | 107.259 |
| C8-C9-C10 | 126.021 | 125.597 | 126.271 | 125.278 | 125.633 | 125.599 | 125.976 | 125.913 |
| C31-N-C35 | 114.410 | 114.036 | 113.758 | 113.446 | 111.012 | 110.872 | 110.490 | 110.261 |
| C31-N-C39 | 114.563 | 114.222 | 113.833 | 113.502 | 112.771 | 112.678 | 112.203 | 112.067 |
| C35-N-C39 | 112.660 | 112.468 | 111.953 | 111.718 | 110.653 | 110.574 | 110.067 | 109.956 |

Table 2. Theoretical Vibrational Wavenumbers of Dosulepin and Doxepin

| Assignments (cm ⁻¹) | Dosulepin | | | | Doxepin | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|------|
| | Gas | | Solvent | | Gas | | Solvent | |
| | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 |
| ν_s [R(1):(C-H)] | 3127 | 3141 | 3128 | 3142 | 3150 | 3182 | 3152 | 3184 |
| ν_s [R(3):(C-H)] | 3121 | 3137 | 3124 | 3139 | 3148 | 3183 | 3147 | 3180 |
| ν [R(3):(C-H)] | 3110 | 3122 | 3110 | 3121 | 3135 | 3163 | 3139 | 3167 |
| ν [R(1):(C-H)] | 3111 | 3118 | 3112 | 3125 | 3134 | 3161 | 3138 | 3166 |
| ν [R(3):(C-H)] | 3101 | 3102 | 3105 | 3103 | 3127 | 3157 | 3132 | 3162 |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| ν [R(1):(C-H)] | 3103 | 3107 | 3104 | 3106 | 3122 | 3150 | 3127 | 3153 |
| ν [R(3):(C-H)] | 3093 | 3098 | 3097 | 3096 | 3112 | 3138 | 3122 | 3147 |
| ν_{as} [R(1):(C15-H25), (C14-H24)] | 3076 | 3081 | 3080 | 3084 | 3102 | 3137 | 3114 | 3132 |
| ν [(C26-H27), (C28-H30)] | 3055 | 3070 | 3057 | 3067 | 3075 | 3101 | 3077 | 3095 |
| ν [(C26-H27)] and ν_{as} [(H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33)] | 3029 | 3039 | 3031 | 3043 | 3049 | 3071 | 3039 | 3056 |
| ν_{as} [Me(1):(H40-C39-H42), Me(2):(H36-C35-H37)] | 3013 | 3048 | 3015 | 3047 | - | - | - | - |
| ν_{as} [Me(1):(H40-C39-H42), Me(2):(H36-C35-H37)] | 3001 | 3047 | 3011 | 3041 | - | - | - | - |
| ν_{as} [Me(1):(H40-C39-H42)] | - | - | - | - | 3065 | 3094 | 3067 | 3103 |
| ν_{as} [Me(2):(H36-C35-H38)] | - | - | - | - | 3059 | 3100 | 3059 | 3095 |
| ν_{as} [R(2):(H20-C8-H21)] | 3016 | 3027 | 3027 | 3037 | 3033 | 3047 | 3046 | 3055 |
| ν_{as} [Me(2), Me(1), (H32-C31-H33)] | - | - | - | - | 3017 | 3050 | 3013 | 3057 |
| ν [(C31-H33), (C28-H29)] and ν_{as} [Me(1), Me(2)] | - | - | - | - | 3027 | 3048 | 3016 | 3045 |
| ν_{as} [(H33-C31-H33), Me(1), Me(2)] and ν_s [H29-C28-H30] | - | - | - | - | 3025 | 3044 | 3026 | 3029 |
| ν_{as} [(H32-C31-H33)] and ν [(H30-C28)] | 3002 | 3013 | 2998 | 3003 | - | - | - | - |
| ν_s [Me(1):(H40-C39-H42), Me(2):(H36-C35-H38)] | 2969 | 2999 | 2966 | 2991 | - | - | - | - |
| ν_s [Me(1):(H40-C39-H42), Me(2):(H36-C35-H38)] | 2964 | 2997 | 2965 | 2989 | - | - | - | - |
| ν_s [R(2):(H20-C8-H21)] | 2962 | 2969 | 2972 | 2976 | 2948 | 2958 | 2969 | 2970 |
| ν_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] | 2948 | 2965 | 2954 | 2965 | 2963 | 2976 | 2964 | 2975 |
| ν [(C31-H32)] and ν_s [Me(1):(C39-H41), Me(2):(C35-H37)] | - | - | - | - | 2865 | 2884 | 2872 | 2894 |
| ν_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] | 2944 | 2958 | 2949 | 2952 | - | - | - | - |
| ν_s [Me(1), Me(2)] | 2847 | 2879 | 2866 | 2873 | 2850 | 2872 | 2864 | 2887 |
| ν_s [Me(1), Me(2)] and ν_{as} [(H32-C31-H33)] | - | - | - | - | 2836 | 2853 | 2860 | 2861 |
| ν_s [Me(1), Me(2)] | 2837 | 2853 | 2852 | 2867 | - | - | - | - |
| ν_s [(C11-C26), (R(1):(C14-C15), (C10-C12)), (C26-C28)], δ [(C11-C26-H27), R(1), (H29-C28-H30)] | 1595 | 1618 | 1591 | 1614 | 1613 | 1646 | 1616 | 1641 |
| ν_s [(R(1):(C12-C13), (C14-C15), (R(3):(C2-C3), (C5-C6), (C11-C26), (R(2):(C4-C11), (C10-C11)], δ [R(1), R(2), R(3), (C11-C26-H27), (H29-C28-H30)] | 1570 | 1603 | 1564 | 1598 | 1582 | 1607 | 1578 | 1601 |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| ν_s [(R(3):(C2-C3), (C5-C6), (R(1):(C13-C12), (C14-C15), (C11-C26)] and δ [R(1), R(2), R(3), (C11-C26-H27), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21)] | 1575 | 1596 | 1569 | 1592 | 1579 | 1603 | 1574 | 1599 |
| ν_s [(R(3):(C1-C2), (C5-C4), (R(1):(C13-C14), (C9-C10), (C11-C26)] and δ [R(1), R(2), R(3), (C11-C26-H27)] | 1555 | 1578 | 1546 | 1574 | 1556 | 1571 | 1551 | 1571 |
| ν_s [(R(3):(C1-C2), (C5-C4)), (R(1):(C13-C14), (C9-C10), (C11-C26)] and δ [R(1), R(2), R(3), (C11-C26-H27), (H20-C8-H21)] | 1549 | 1575 | 1544 | 1572 | 1550 | 1567 | 1541 | 1558 |
| δ_{as} [Me(1), Me(2)] and δ_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] | 1492 | 1486 | 1479 | 1474 | 1491 | 1482 | 1478 | 1482 |
| δ_{as} [Me(1), Me(2)] and δ_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] | 1475 | 1468 | 1470 | 1464 | 1482 | 1471 | 1476 | 1464 |
| δ_{as} [Me(1), Me(2)] and δ_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] | 1472 | - | - | - | 1478 | 1464 | 1465 | 1450 |
| δ_{as} [Me(1), Me(2)] and δ_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] | - | - | - | - | 1467 | 1450 | 1454 | 1436 |
| ν_s [(R(1):(C14-C13), (C9-C10)], δ_s [(H20-C8-H21)] and δ [R(1)] | 1468 | 1484 | 1465 | 1479 | 1479 | 1485 | 1470 | - |
| γ [R(3), R(1)] and δ_s [(H20-C8-H21)] | 1424 | 1406 | 1423 | 1388 | 1471 | 1478 | 1464 | 1468 |
| δ_{as} [Me(1), Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21)] | - | - | - | - | 1460 | 1459 | - | 1455 |
| δ_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(2), R(3)] and δ_{as} [Me(1), Me(2)] | 1453 | 1465 | 1449 | 1466 | 1458 | 1457 | 1453 | 1449 |
| δ_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C-N-C)] and δ_{as} [Me(1), Me(2)] | 1460 | 1460 | 1461 | 1450 | - | - | - | - |
| δ_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C-N-C)] and δ_{as} [Me(1), Me(2)] | 1457 | 1444 | 1450 | 1442 | 1452 | 1446 | 1445 | 1442 |
| δ_s [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] and δ_{as} [Me(1), Me(2)] | 1445 | 1441 | 1436 | 1426 | 1443 | - | 1442 | - |
| δ_s [Me(2), Me(1), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C-N-C)] | 1432 | 1415 | 1443 | 1405 | - | - | 1432 | - |
| δ_s [(H20-C8-H21), Me(2), Me(1), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] and γ [R(1),R(3)] | 1431 | 1432 | 1427 | 1430 | - | 1432 | - | 1420 |
| δ_s [(H20-C8-H21), Me(2), Me(1), (H32-C31-H33)] and γ [R(1)] | - | 1434 | - | 1432 | - | 1433 | - | 1426 |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| δ_s [(H20-C8-H21)] and γ [R(1), R(3)] | 1427 | 1426 | 1420 | 1423 | 1438 | 1436 | 1433 | 1430 |
| δ_s [(H20-C8-H21)] and γ [R(1), R(3)] | - | - | 1410 | - | 1431 | - | 1426 | 1422 |
| δ_s [Me(1), Me(2)] | 1412 | 1402 | 1407 | 1390 | 1416 | 1402 | 1408 | 1400 |
| δ_s [(C11-C26-H27)] and γ [R(1), R(2), R(3)] | | | | | - | 1356 | - | 1355 |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27), (H20-C8-H21)], ν_s [(R(1):(C10-C12), (C13-C14), (C9-C15), (R(3):(C1-C2), (C3-C4), (C5-C6), (R(2):(C3-C9), (C4,C11)], and δ [R(1), R(2), R(3)] | - | 1356 | - | 1354 | - | 1327 | - | 1332 |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21), Me(1), Me(2)] | - | - | - | - | 1375 | 1371 | 1384 | 1359 |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27), (H20-C8-H21)] and δ [R(1), R(2), R(3)] | 1309 | 1343 | 1305 | 1340 | 1370 | 1365 | 1371 | 1365 |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27), (H20-C8-H21)] and δ [R(1), R(2), R(3)] | 1354 | - | 1353 | - | 1361 | - | 1362 | - |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27)] | 1365 | 1335 | 1356 | 1335 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] and ω [(Me(1):(H41-C39-H41), (Me(2):(H36-C35-H37)] | 1339 | 1328 | 1326 | 1329 | 1311 | 1309 | 1323 | 1306 |
| δ_s [(C11-C26-H27)], ν_s [(R(1):(C10-C12), (C13-C14), (C9-C15), (R(3):(C1-C2), (C3-C4), (C5-C6), (R(2):(C3-C9), (C4,C11)], γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] and δ [R(3)] | 1293 | 1350 | 1289 | 1344 | 1300 | 1323 | 1298 | 1320 |
| ω [(H29-C28-H30), R(1), R(2), R(3)] and γ [(H32-C31-H33), (C28-H29)] | 1287 | 1286 | 1284 | 1284 | 1292 | 1294 | 1295 | 1288 |
| δ_s [R(1)], ν_s [(C9-C10), ω [(H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33)] and γ [R(3), (H21-C8-H20), (O-C)] | - | - | - | - | 1289 | - | 1283 | - |
| γ [(H20-C8-H21), R(3)] and ω [(C28-H30), (C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 1276 | 1275 | 1275 | 1271 |
| ω [(H20-C8-H21), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33)], γ [R(1), R(3), Me(1), Me(2), (C-N)] and δ_s [(C-N-C), (C8-C9-C15)] | 1262 | 1275 | 1254 | 1273 | 1274 | 1271 | 1271 | 1261 |
| ω [(H20-C8-H21), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33)], γ [R(1), R(3), Me(1), Me(2), (C-N)] and δ_s [(C8-C9-C15), (C-N-C)] | 1272 | 1270 | 1270 | 1263 | - | 1263 | - | 1257 |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| γ [(H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(2), (R(3))] | - | - | - | - | 1264 | - | 1260 | - |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33)] and γ [(H29-C28-H30)] | 1248 | 1247 | 1247 | 1243 | - | - | - | - |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C26-H27), Me(1), Me(2)] and γ [R(3)] | 1247 | 1242 | 1237 | 1247 | - | - | - | - |
| ν_s [R(2):(C11-C10)], ω [(C11-C26-H27)] and γ [R(1), R(2), R(3), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (N-C), Me(2)] | 1230 | 1234 | 1230 | 1232 | - | - | - | - |
| δ [(R(1), R(2), R(3)), γ [(C11-C26-H27), (C28-H29), (H32-C31-H33), Me(1), Me(2), (C-N)] and ν_s [R(2):(C4-C11), (C5-O)] | - | - | - | - | 1219 | 1203 | 1217 | 1196 |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C26-H27), R(1), R(3), [(H21-C8-H20)] and ν_s [R(2):(C-O)] | - | - | - | - | 1180 | 1237 | 1172 | 1232 |
| γ [(H20-C8-H21), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C26-H27), R(1), R(2), (R(3))] | 1214 | 1167 | 1211 | 1162 | 1238 | 1260 | 1237 | 1250 |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C26-H27), (H21-C8-H20)] and γ [R(1), R(2), R(3)] | 1154 | 1221 | 1155 | 1214 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [(Me(1), Me(2), (C-N), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] | - | - | - | - | 1255 | 1221 | 1247 | 1220 |
| δ_s [R(1), R(2)], ν_s [R(2):(C-O)] and ω [(H20-C8-H21)] | - | - | - | - | 1169 | 1178 | - | 1176 |
| δ_s [R(1):(H25-C15-C14-H24)] and γ [Me(1), Me(2), (C-N), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 1163 | 1172 | 1161 | 1167 |
| δ_s [R(1):(H25-C15-C14-H24)] and γ [Me(1), Me(2), (C-N), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1159 | - |
| γ [(C11-C26-H27)] and δ [R(1)] | 1186 | 1188 | 1182 | 1176 | - | - | - | - |
| δ [(R(1), R(2), R(3)), γ [(C28-H29), (H32-C31-H33), Me(1), Me(2), (C-N), (H21-C8-H20)] and ω [(C26-H27)] | 1147 | 1160 | 1141 | 1160 | 1160 | 1168 | 1153 | 1162 |
| δ [(R(1), R(2), R(3)), γ [(C28-H29), (H32-C31-H33), Me(1), Me(2), (C-N), (H21-C8-H20)] and ω [(C26-H27)] | - | - | 1148 | - | - | - | - | - |
| γ [(H30-C28-H29), (H32-C31-H33), Me(1), Me(2), (C-N), (C26-H27)], δ_s [(C-N-C)] and ω [R(1), R(3)] | 1153 | 1154 | 1151 | 1153 | 1145 | 1142 | 1140 | 1138 |
| δ [R(1), R(3)] | - | - | - | - | 1156 | 1158 | 1150 | 1146 |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| δ [R(1)] | 1164 | 1153 | - | 1147 | - | - | - | - |
| δ [R(3)] | 1162 | 1149 | 1154 | 1141 | - | 1150 | - | 1139 |
| δ [R(1), R(3), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), Me(1), Me(2), (N-C)] and ω [(C26-H27)] | 1141 | 1146 | 1134 | 1143 | 1152 | - | 1145 | - |
| δ [R(1)] and γ [Me(1), Me(2), (C-N), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 1105 | 1110 | 1100 | 1106 |
| δ [R(3)] | 1113 | 1121 | 1110 | 1118 | - | - | - | - |
| δ [R(1), R(2), R(3)] and γ [Me(1), Me(2)] | 1095 | 1103 | 1087 | 1099 | 1093 | 1101 | 1089 | 1099 |
| γ [Me(1), Me(2), (C-N), R(3)] and ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C26-H27)] | 1096 | 1099 | 1088 | 1091 | 1100 | 1052 | 1091 | 1042 |
| γ [R(1), R(3), Me(1), Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (N-C)] and ω [(C26-H27)] and ν [(N-C35), (N-C39)] | 1073 | 1075 | 1070 | 1075 | 1083 | 1087 | 1080 | 1087 |
| δ_s [R(1), R(3)] and γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), Me(1), Me(2), (C11-C26-H27)] | 1048 | 1057 | 1045 | 1054 | 1044 | 1057 | 1037 | 1050 |
| δ_s [R(1), R(3)] and γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), Me(1), Me(2), (C11-C26-H27)] and ω [(H20-C8-H21)] | 1046 | 1048 | 1041 | 1048 | - | 1100 | - | 1092 |
| ν [(N-C35)] and δ [Me(1), Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] | 1013 | - | 1004 | - | 1032 | 1032 | 1024 | 1027 |
| δ_s [C39-N-C35], γ [Me(2), Me(1)] and ω [(C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] ν [(N-C31)] | 1033 | 1036 | 1023 | 1023 | - | - | - | - |
| δ_s [R(3)] | - | - | - | 1039 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [Me(2), Me(1)] | - | - | - | 1034 | - | - | - | - |
| δ_s [[R(3):(C-H)], γ [Me(2), Me(1)] | 1027 | 1042 | 1025 | - | 1028 | 1035 | 1025 | 1028 |
| δ_s [[R(3):(C-H)], γ [Me(2), Me(1)] | - | 1041 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] and γ [Me(2), Me(1)] | - | - | - | - | 1013 | - | 1008 | - |
| γ [(C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)], ω [(C26-H27)] and δ_s [H42-N-C36] | 993 | 993 | 986 | 989 | - | - | - | - |
| ω [R(3)] | 974 | 974 | 986 | 980 | - | - | - | - |
| ν [(C-O)], δ [R(1), R(2), R(3)], ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] and γ [Me(2), Me(1)] | - | - | - | - | - | 1022 | - | 1007 |
| ω [(C31-H32), (C28-H29)], γ [(C11-C26-H27), Me(2), Me(1)] and ν [(N-C), (C28-C26)] | - | - | - | - | 1003 | 1005 | 1001 | 1001 |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|
| ν_s [(O-C)], γ [Me(2), Me(1)] and ω [(H20-C8-H21), (H30-C28-H29), R(1), R(3)] | - | - | - | - | 990 | 1023 | 971 | 1015 |
| δ [H20-C8-H21] | - | - | - | - | 1010 | - | 1006 | - |
| ω [R(3)] | 941 | 941 | 949 | 943 | 957 | 963 | 975 | 959 |
| ω [R(1)] | 962 | 929 | 963 | 964 | - | 966 | - | 971 |
| ω [R(1), R(3), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), (C11-C26-H27)] | 929 | 959 | 934 | 960 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [(Me(1), Me(2), (C-N)] and ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C11-C26-H27), R(1), R(2), R(3)], ν [(O-C)] | - | - | - | - | 981 | - | 979 | - |
| ω [R(1)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21)] | 936 | - | 941 | - | 982 | 998 | 974 | 994 |
| ω [R(1), R(3), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), (C11-C26-H27)] | 901 | 907 | 900 | 907 | - | - | - | - |
| ω [R(3), R(1)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21)] | - | 954 | - | 931 | 941 | 937 | 936 | 927 |
| ω [R(1), R(3)] and γ [H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (H20-C8-H21), (C11-C26-H27)] | 872 | 879 | 874 | 877 | - | - | - | - |
| ω [(R(1), R(3), R(2)), (H32-C31-H33)] and γ [(H30-C28-H29), (C11-C26-H27), (H20-C8-H21)] | 890 | 868 | 889 | 867 | 902 | 912 | 901 | 907 |
| ω [R(3), R(2), R(1)], γ [H30-C28-H29), (C26-H27)] | 862 | 863 | 868 | 861 | 921 | 931 | 932 | 916 |
| ν [(N-C35)], γ [(C11-C26-H27), (H30-C28-H29)] and ω [(H32-C31-H33)] | - | - | - | - | - | 870 | - | 869 |
| δ [(R(1), R(3)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), (C11-C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 865 | - | 864 | - |
| ω [R(3),R(1)], γ [(H20-C8-H21) and δ [(C26-H27)] | - | 836 | - | 835 | - | - | - | - |
| ω [R(3), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] and δ [(C26-H27)] | 843 | - | 844 | - | 854 | 862 | 860 | 851 |
| ν_s [(C35-N-C39-C31)] | 803 | 818 | 799 | 809 | - | - | - | - |
| δ [R(1), R(2), R(3)], ω [Me(1), Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), (H20-C8-H21)] and γ [H30-C28-H29), (C11-C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 849 | 851 | 845 | 842 |
| ω [R(3), R(1), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (H20-C8-H21), (O-C)] and δ [(C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 849 | 851 | 845 | 842 |
| ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H20-C8-H21), (H30-C28-H29), Me(1), Me(2)], δ [R(1), R(2)] and γ [(C11-C26-H27)] | - | 812 | - | 810 | - | - | - | - |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| ν_s [(C35-N-C39-C31)], ω [R(1), R(2), R(3), Me(1)] and γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C11-C26-H27)] | 794 | - | 783 | - | 820 | 841 | 819 | 834 |
| δ [R(1), R(2), R(3), Me(1), Me(2)] and γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C11-C26-H27), (C11-C26-H27)] | 789 | 783 | 790 | 783 | 809 | 820 | 807 | 819 |
| γ [(H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33), (H20-C8-H21), (C-S)] and ω [R(3), R(1)] | 765 | 755 | 766 | 759 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [R(1), (H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33), (H20-C8-H21), (C-O)] and ω [R(3)] | - | - | - | - | 788 | 799 | 788 | 792 |
| ω [R(3), R(1)] | 748 | 748 | 753 | 747 | - | - | - | - |
| δ [(H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33)] | - | - | - | - | 775 | 784 | 773 | 771 |
| ω [R(1), R(2), R(3), (C11-C26-H27)] and γ [(H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33)] | 744 | 738 | 744 | 741 | 763 | 766 | 765 | 759 |
| ω [R(1), R(3), (H20-C8-H21)] | 714 | 718 | 717 | 718 | 750 | 756 | 756 | 746 |
| ω [R(1), R(3)] and γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C26-C27)] | 726 | 729 | 723 | 728 | 738 | 738 | 737 | 728 |
| τ [R(1), R(2), R(3), (C11-C26-H27)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21)] | 692 | 704 | 690 | 703 | 720 | 717 | 715 | 715 |
| δ [R(1), R(2), R(3)] and γ [(C11-C26-H27), (C11-C26-H27)] | 667 | 669 | 664 | 667 | 680 | 683 | 677 | 681 |
| δ [R(1), R(3)], (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29), (C26-C27)] and γ [(C11-C26-H27)] | 655 | 653 | 654 | 654 | 648 | 652 | 648 | 649 |
| δ [R(3), R(1), R(3), (C11-C26-H27)] and γ [(H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33)] | 632 | 627 | 629 | 626 | 631 | 632 | 631 | 628 |
| γ [R(3), R(1), (H20-C8-H21), (C11-C26-H27), (H29-C28-H30)] | 592 | 594 | 592 | 593 | 590 | 594 | 590 | 591 |
| γ [R(3), R(1), (H20-C8-H21), (C-O), (C11-C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 662 | 624 | 620 | 621 |
| ω [R(1), R(3), (C11-C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21)], δ_s [(H42-N-H36)], γ [(C-S), (H20-C8-H21)] | 568 | 570 | 568 | 570 | - | - | - | - |
| ν_s [(C-S)], δ_s [(H42-N-H36)], ω [R(1), R(3), (C11-C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)], γ [(C-S), (H20-C8-H21)] | 524 | 529 | 524 | 528 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [R(3), R(1), (H20-C8-H21), (C-O), (C11-C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 555 | 559 | 557 | 558 |
| δ_s [(H42-N-H36)], ω [R(1), R(3), (C11-C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)], γ [(C-S), (H20-C8-H21)] | 506 | 511 | 508 | 511 | - | - | - | - |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| γ [R(3), R(1), (H29-C28-H30)] and ω [(H20-C8-H21), (C26-H27), (C-O)] | - | - | - | - | 541 | 544 | 541 | 542 |
| ω [R(1), R(3), (C11-C26-H27)] and γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21), (C-S)] | 485 | 489 | 487 | 488 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [Me(1), Me(2), R(3), R(1), (H20-C8-H21), (N-C)] and ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27), (C-O)] | - | - | - | - | 505 | 507 | 507 | 509 |
| ω [R(1), R(3)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), (C-S), (C26-C27)] | 452 | 455 | 455 | 452 | - | - | - | - |
| δ [R(3), R(1), (H20-C8-H21), (C-O)] | - | - | - | - | 474 | 476 | 471 | 470 |
| τ [(C35-N-C39)], δ_s [(C31-N-C39)], γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21), (C-S)] and ω [(R(1), R(3))] | 446 | 449 | 778 | 448 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [Me(1), Me(2), R(3), (H20-C8-H21), (C-O), (C-N)], ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27)] and δ [(R(1), R(3))] | - | - | - | - | 464 | 467 | 464 | 466 |
| τ [(C35-N-C39)], δ_s [(C31-N-C39)] and γ [(H32-C31-H33)] | 420 | 413 | 421 | 417 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [R(3), R(1), (H20-C8-H21), (H32-C31-H33)] and ω [(C-O)] | - | - | - | - | 451 | 450 | 450 | 446 |
| δ [(C35-N-C39), ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27), R(1), R(3)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), (C-S)] | 408 | 409 | 408 | 407 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [Me(1), Me(2), (N-C)] and ω [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), R(3), R(1), (H20-C8-H21), (C11-C26-H27), (C-O)] | - | - | - | - | 441 | 444 | 443 | 443 |
| γ [Me(1), R(1), (H20-C8-H21)], τ [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] and ω [(C11-C26-H27), R(2), R(3)] | 388 | 392 | 388 | 393 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21)], ω [(C26-27), Me(1), (N-C), R(1), R(3)] and ν [(C11-C26)] | - | - | - | - | 425 | 426 | 423 | 424 |
| γ [Me(1), Me(2), R(1), (H20-C8-H21)], ω [(C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] and τ [R(3)] | 383 | 388 | 387 | 392 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [Me(2), (H32-C31-H33)], ω [(C11-C26-H27), (H20-C8-H21), (N-C), Me(1)] and δ [(R(1), R(3))] | - | - | - | - | 386 | 386 | 399 | 386 |
| γ [Me(1), Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), R(3), (H20-C8-H21)] and ω [(C26-H27)] | 373 | 378 | 373 | 376 | 376 | 375 | 378 | 376 |
| γ [(C11-C26-H27), (N-C), Me(1), Me(2), (C-S)], τ [R(1), R(2)] and ω [(H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33)] | 330 | 335 | 332 | 337 | - | - | - | - |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| δ [(H32-N-H41)], γ [Me(1), Me(2), (H33-C31-H32), R(1), R(2), R(3)] and ω [(C11-C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 359 | 362 | 363 | 363 |
| γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27)] and [(H29-C28-H30), (C-S), R(2), R(1)] | 307 | 310 | 306 | 306 | - | - | - | - |
| γ [(H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C11-C26-H27), R(3), R(1), R(3)] τ [Me(1), Me(2)] | - | - | - | - | 323 | 328 | 322 | 324 |
| ω [(H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(3), (C11-C26-H27), (H29-C28-H30), (C-S), (N-C)] and γ [CH ₃ (2), Me(1), (H32-C31-H33)] | 286 | 286 | 286 | 287 | - | - | - | - |
| τ [Me(1), Me(2)], ω [(H32-C31-H33), (C26-H27)] and γ [(H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21), R(1), (C-O)] | - | - | - | - | 288 | 287 | 297 | 299 |
| τ [Me(1), Me(2)] | 262 | 284 | 274 | 308 | 275 | 312 | 277 | 281 |
| τ [Me(1), Me(2)], ω [R(1), R(3), (C11-C26-H27)] and γ [CH ₃ (2), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21), (C-S), (N-C)] | 258 | 255 | 257 | 256 | - | - | - | - |
| τ [Me(1), Me(2)], ω [(H32-C31-H33), (C26-H27), (H20-C8-H21)] and γ [(H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(2), (O-C)] | - | - | - | - | 277 | 277 | 280 | 275 |
| τ [Me(2)] | - | - | - | - | 261 | 263 | 262 | 255 |
| ω [Me(1), (H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(3), (C11-C26-H27)] and γ [Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C-S), (N-C)] | 234 | 235 | 231 | 236 | - | - | - | - |
| τ [Me(2), Me(1)] | 211 | 257 | 266 | 292 | - | - | - | - |
| ω [Me(2), (C26-H27)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(3), (H29-C28-H30)] | - | - | - | - | 243 | 245 | 243 | 243 |
| ω [Me(1), (H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(3)] and γ [Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C-S), (N-C)] | 199 | 197 | 198 | 198 | - | - | - | - |
| ω [Me(1), (H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(3)] and γ [Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (O-C), (N-C)] | - | - | - | - | 210 | 217 | 211 | 210 |
| ω [Me(2), (C26-H27), (H29-C28-H30), (N-C)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(3), Me(1), (H32-C31-H33), (C-S)] | 161 | 163 | 162 | 164 | - | - | - | - |
| ω [Me(2), (C26-H27), (H29-C28-H30), (N-C)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), R(1), R(3), Me(1), (H32-C31-H33), (C-O)] | - | - | - | - | 184 | 185 | 188 | 186 |
| ω [Me(1), Me(2), R(3), R(1)], γ (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21), (C-S)] and τ [(C-N-C-C)] | 156 | 151 | 160 | 153 | - | - | - | - |

Table 2. Continued

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| ω [Me(1), Me(2), R(3), R(1)], γ (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21), (C-O)] and τ [(C-N-C-C)] | - | - | - | - | 156 | 160 | 160 | 154 |
| ω [(H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33)], γ [R(3), Me(1), Me(2), (N-C), R(1), (H20-C8-H21), (C11-C26-H27), (C-S)] | 138 | 134 | 140 | 140 | - | - | - | - |
| ω [(H29-C28-H30), (H32-C31-H33)], γ [R(3), Me(1), Me(2), (N-C), R(1), (H20-C8-H21), (C11-C26-H27), (C-O)] | - | - | - | - | 141 | 145 | 144 | 140 |
| γ [Me(2), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] and τ [(C-N-C-), Me(1), R(1), R(2), R(3)] | 131 | 131 | 135 | 131 | 128 | 140 | 140 | 131 |
| τ [Me(2), R(1), R(3), (C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), Me(1)] | 94 | 102 | 100 | 103 | 105 | 107 | 101 | 98 |
| τ [R(3), (C-N-C-C)], ω [Me(1), Me(2), (C11-C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C-O)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), R(1)] | - | - | - | - | 94 | 94 | 97 | 93 |
| τ [R(3), (C-N-C-C)], ω [Me(1), Me(2), (C11-C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33), (H29-C28-H30), (C-S)] and γ [(H20-C8-H21), R(1)] | 83 | 94 | 87 | 94 | - | - | - | - |
| τ [(C-N-C-C)] and ω [Me(1), Me(2), (H32-C31-H33 (H30-C28-H29))] | 60 | 37 | 59 | 31 | - | 57 | - | 52 |
| ω [Me(1), R(1), R(3), (C11-C26-H27), (H32-C31-H33), (C-O), (N-C)] and γ [Me(2), (H29-C28-H30), (H20-C8-H21)] | - | - | - | - | 49 | - | 46 | - |
| τ [(C-N-C-C)], γ [(R(1), R(3), (C-S), (H20-C8-H21)] and ω [Me(1), Me(2), (H32-C31-H33 (H30-C28-H29), (C11-C26-H27)] | 54 | 44 | 55 | 45 | - | - | - | - |
| τ [(C-N-C-C)], γ [(R(1), R(3), (C-O), (H20-C8-H21)] and ω [Me(1), Me(2), (H32-C31-H33 (H30-C28-H29), (C11-C26-H27)] | - | - | - | - | 45 | 47 | 40 | 47 |
| τ [(C-N-C-C)], γ [(R(1), R(3), (C-S), (H20-C8-H21), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] and ω [Me(1), Me(2)] | 44 | 52 | 49 | 53 | - | - | - | - |
| τ [(C-N-C-C)], γ [(R(1), R(3), (C-O), (H20-C8-H21), (H32-C31-H33), (H30-C28-H29)] and ω [Me(1), Me(2)] | - | - | - | - | 39 | 43 | 37 | 38 |
| δ [skeleton] | 20 | 22 | 28 | 13 | 21 | 25 | 33 | 16 |

v: Stretching; δ : deformation; γ : twisting; τ : torsion; ω : wagging; s: symmetric; as: asymmetric.

The ring carbon-carbon stretching vibrations occur in the region 1430-1625 cm^{-1} [15]. For the dosulepin, BLYP/PW91 calculations show that these vibrations to be 1468-1595 cm^{-1} (also 1293 cm^{-1}) and 1484-1618 cm^{-1} (also 1350, 1356 cm^{-1}) in the gas phase and 1465-1591 cm^{-1} (also 1289 cm^{-1}) and 1479-1614 cm^{-1} (also 1344, 1354 cm^{-1}) in solution media. For the doxepin, the bands at 1479-1613 cm^{-1} (also 1300 cm^{-1}) (BLYP) and 1485-1646 cm^{-1} (also 1323, 1327 cm^{-1}) (PW91) are assigned to ring carbon-carbon stretching vibrations in the gas phase and vibrations bands found at 1470-1616 cm^{-1} (also 1298 cm^{-1}) (BLYP)

and 1558-1641 cm^{-1} (also 1320, 1332 cm^{-1}) (PW91) are assigned to ring carbon-carbon stretching vibrations in solution media.

CH₂ vibrations. For the dosulepin, BLYP method assigns the wavenumbers of CH₂ stretching vibrations in R2 (H20-C8-H21) to be 2962 and 3016 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 2972 and 3027 cm^{-1} in solution media and PW91 method assigns these wavenumbers to be 2969 and 3027 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 2976 and 3037 cm^{-1} in solution media. For the doxepin, these vibrations were calculated 2948, 3033 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 2969, 3046 cm^{-1} in

solution media by BLYP method and 2958, 3047 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 2970, 3055 cm^{-1} in solution media by PW91 method.

The dosulepin CH_2 group (H32-C31-H33) asymmetric stretching vibration modes were calculated 3029, 3002 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 3039, 3013 cm^{-1} (PW91) in the gas phase and 3031, 2998 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 3043, 3003 cm^{-1} (PW91) in solution media. For the doxepin, these vibrations were assigned to be 2836- 3049 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 2860-3039 cm^{-1} in solution media by BLYP method and 2853-3071 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 2860-3057 cm^{-1} by PW91 method in solution media.

The BLYP calculations show symmetric stretching vibration modes of CH_2 group (H32-C31-H33) of dosulepin occur in 2944, 2948 cm^{-1} and 2949, 2972 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and solution media, respectively. PW91 calculations show these modes occur in 2958, 2969 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 2952, 2976 cm^{-1} in solution media. For the doxepin, these modes have been calculated to occur at 2963 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 2976 cm^{-1} (PW91) in the gas phase and 2964 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 2975 cm^{-1} (PW91) in solution media.

The asymmetric stretching vibration modes of CH_2 group (H29-C28-H30) are less than CH_2 group (H32-C31-H33) modes. These modes have been calculated 3029 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 3039 cm^{-1} (PW91) in the gas phase and 3031 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 3043 cm^{-1} (PW91) in solution media. For the doxepin, these vibrations are assigned to occur at 3049 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 3039 cm^{-1} in solution media by BLYP method and 3071 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 3056 cm^{-1} in solution media by PW91 method. Symmetric stretching vibration modes for this group of dosulepin, at the B3LYP level, occur at 2944 cm^{-1} and 2949 cm^{-1} , and at the PW91 level occur at 2958 cm^{-1} and 2952 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and solution media, respectively. For the doxepin, these modes have been calculated 3025 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 3044 cm^{-1} (PW91) in the gas phase and 3026 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 3029 cm^{-1} (PW91) in solution media.

These results show that the ranges of calculated frequencies for the CH_2 groups of doxepin are similar to those for dosulepin in the gas phase and solution media. Also, Table 2 shows that the asymmetric and symmetric deformation modes for the dosulepin are calculated by BLYP method for the ranges 1595-1427 cm^{-1} and 1591-1410 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and by PW91 method for the

ranges 618-1415 cm^{-1} and 1614-1405 cm^{-1} in solution media. These modes were calculated by the BLYP method for the doxepin in the ranges 1613-1438 cm^{-1} and 1646-1432 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and by PW91 method for the ranges 1616-1426 cm^{-1} and 1641-1420 cm^{-1} in solution media.

C-S vibrations. The band due to C-S stretching vibrations is observed in the region 245-1035 cm^{-1} [16]. The BLYP/PW91 method shows C-S vibrations are found at 524 cm^{-1} and 529 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and at 528 cm^{-1} and 524 cm^{-1} in solution media.

C-O vibrations. The C-O stretching vibrations were calculated in the range 981-1219 cm^{-1} by BLYP method and in the range 1022-1237 cm^{-1} by PW91 method in gas phase and in the range 971-1217 cm^{-1} by BLYP method and in the range 1007-1196 cm^{-1} by PW91 method in solution media. The C-O bands occur in the region 1000-1300 cm^{-1} in literature [17].

C-N vibrations. The C-N stretching mode is reported in the range 950-1150 cm^{-1} [14, 18]. In the dosulepin, this band is assigned to be 794-1033 cm^{-1} by BLYP method and 818-1036 cm^{-1} by PW91 in gas phase and 783-1023 cm^{-1} and 809-1023 cm^{-1} in solution media. For the doxepin, C-N stretching mode is calculated in the range 820-1032 cm^{-1} and 841-1032 cm^{-1} in the gas phase and 819-1024 cm^{-1} and 834-1027 cm^{-1} in the solution media By BLYP and PW91 methods. The C-S group has less polarity than C-O and C-N groups and has considerably weaker bands. Besides the stretching vibrations, the C-O, C-S and C-N groups give rise to twisting and wagging vibrations which are listed in Table 2.

Figure 2 shows the most intense band, at BLYP-based calculation, in the infrared spectra of dosulepin occurring at 2847 cm^{-1} in symmetric stretching modes of the methyl groups (Me1, Me2), and the most intense band, at PW91-based calculation, occurring at 2873 cm^{-1} in a symmetric stretching mode of the methyl group (Me2) in the gas phase. The sharp band in the region of 2866 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 2873 cm^{-1} (PW91) is assigned to the characteristic C-H stretching modes of the methyl groups (Me (1): (C39-H41), Me (2): (C35-H37)) in solution media. In doxepin, the C-H stretching vibrations of (C39-H41) in Me (1); (C35-H37) in Me (2) and (C31-H32), is assigned to a strong band at 2865 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 2884 cm^{-1} (PW91) in the gas phase and 2872 cm^{-1} (BLYP) and 2894 cm^{-1} (PW91) in solution

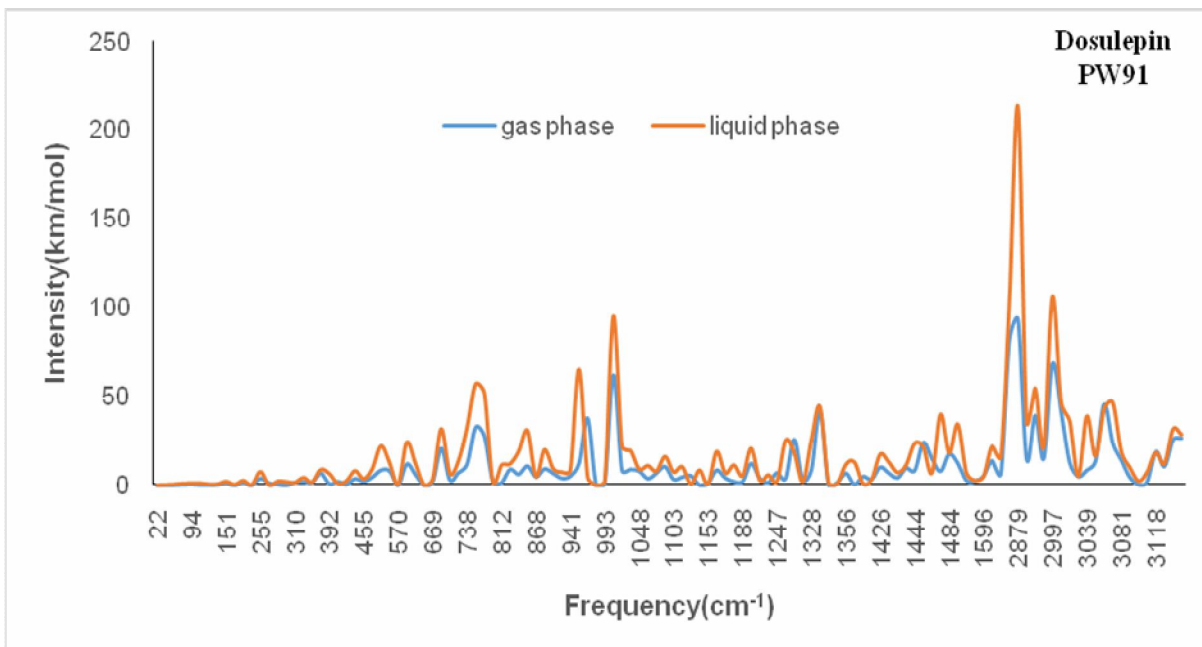
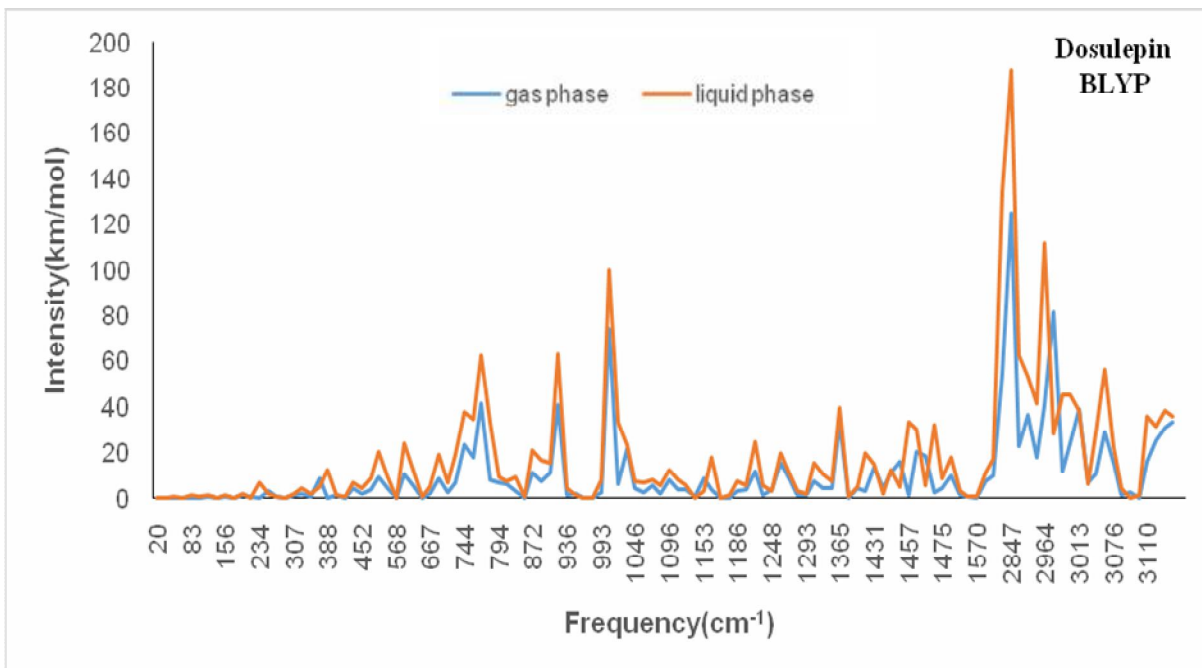


Fig. 2. IR spectra of dosulepin and doxepin in both gas and solution media (BLYP/PW91).

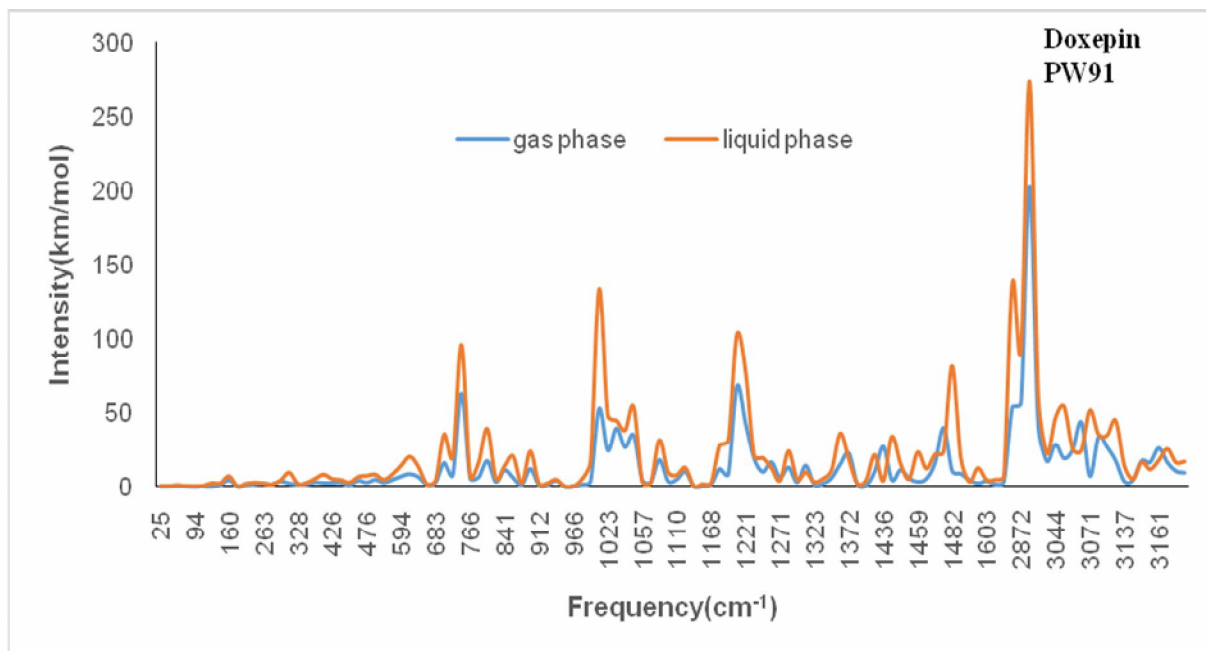
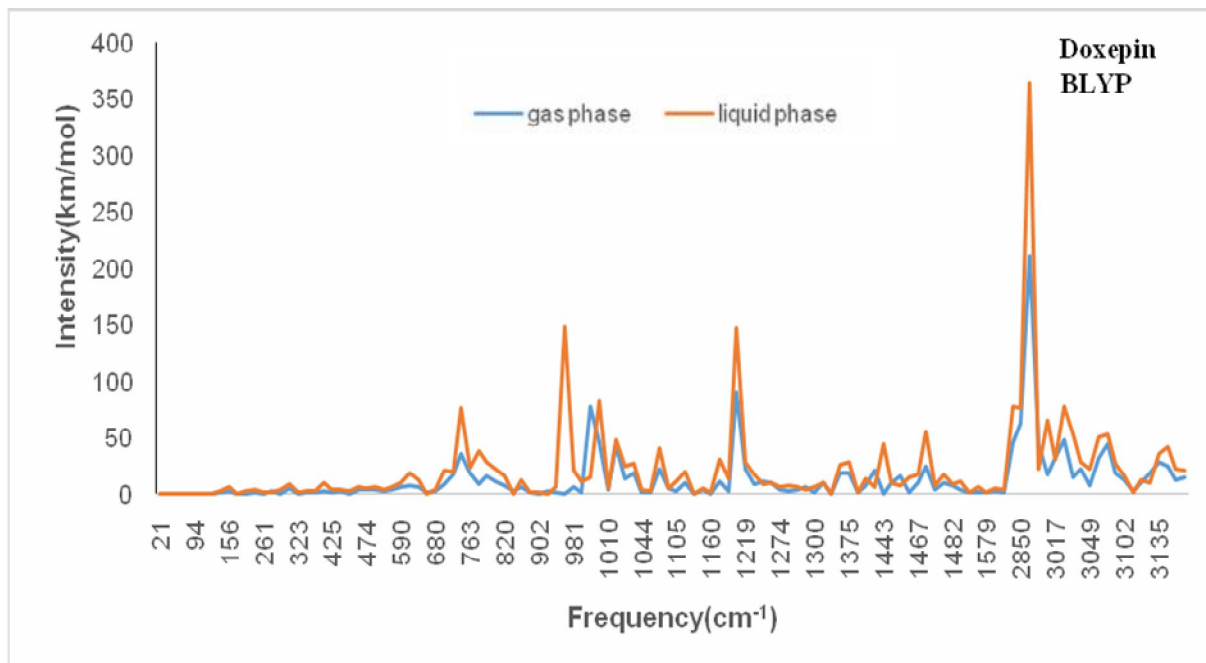


Fig. 2. Continued.

media. It may be seen from Fig. 2 that BLYP/PW91 calculations show frequencies of solution media which are larger than those of gas phase.

Calculations of Quantum Chemical Parameters

Using the optimized geometries, the energy of the highest occupied molecular orbital (E_{HOMO}), the energy of the lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (E_{LUMO}), the energy gap (ΔE), the ionization potential (IP), the electron affinity (EA), the global hardness (η), the global softness (σ), the chemical potential (χ), the dipole moment (μ) and the electrophilicity (ω) [19,20] were calculated for dosulepin and doxepin molecules (See Table 3). Table 3 shows the quantum chemical parameters of dosulepin and doxepin. These parameters give information on the chemical reactivity of the studied molecules in their gas and solution media. The trends of the quantum chemical parameters are almost similar in both gas and solution media. Also, these descriptors were calculated by both energetic and orbital modes. A higher E_{HOMO} suggests a lower capability of accepting electrons because this energy describes the electron donating ability of a molecule. The E_{LUMO} indicates the ability of a molecule to accept electrons. Thus, the lower the value of E_{LUMO} , the more probable the molecule would accept electrons. Based on quantum molecular descriptors, as given in Table 3, dosulepin has a high E_{HOMO} and a low E_{LUMO} in comparison to doxepin in both gas and solution media. The gap between the HOMO and LUMO energy levels is an important function of reactivity of a molecule. The calculations indicate that the dosulepin has a low ΔE in its gas and solution media. Thus, electron transfer from the HOMO of dosulepin to its LUMO is easier than similar electron transfer in doxepin. IP is a basic description of the chemical reactivity of atoms and molecules. High IP shows towering stability.

Table 3 shows dosulepin has a high ionization energy compared with doxepin in gas and solution media. The values of η and σ are important properties to measure the molecular stability and reactivity. Table 3 shows that dosulepin has the lowest η and the highest σ . The ability of molecules to accept electrons may be described by the ω index. It is a measure of energy stabilization of a system after the system accepts the additional amount of electron charge from its environment. Our studies indicate that

dosulepin has a high value of ω in gas and solution media.

The calculated electrodonating, electroaccepting and net electrophilicity values of dosulepin and doxepin are listed in Table 3. A larger electroaccepting value corresponds to a better capability of accepting charge, whereas a smaller value of the electrodonating value of a system makes it a better electron donor. The energy and orbital parameters indicate dosulepin molecule has a better capability of accepting charge in gas and solution media.

The polarity of a molecule describes its μ . Table 3 shows dosulepin has the highest value of μ in both gas and solution media. It is clear from Table 3 that μ values of these two drugs are higher in aqueous solution than those in the gas phase, which is an indication of the polarization effect of the solvent on the drug molecules.

The dielectric solvation energy of dosulepin is lower (-9.002 and -9.47 kcal mol⁻¹) than that of doxepin, suggesting that doxepin has a higher solubility in water than dosulepin. The high molecular mass of dosulepin causes an increase of drug adsorption onto absorbent and hence increase the efficiency uptake of the drug.

Local Molecular Reactivity

The Fukui indices permit the distinction between the reactive regions of a molecule, the nucleophilic and electrophilic behaviors of a molecule and the chemical reactivity [21]. These functions can be given by Eqs. (1) and (2) [21]:

$$f^+ = Q_{N+1} - Q_N \quad (1)$$

$$f^- = Q_N - Q_{N-1} \quad (2)$$

Q_{N+1} corresponds to an anion in which an electron is added to the LUMO of its neutral molecule. Q_{N-1} corresponds to a cation in which an electron is removed from the HOMO. Thus Q_{N+1} , Q_N and Q_{N-1} are anionic, neutral and cationic states of a material, respectively. The maximum of f^+ corresponds to a reaction with respect to nucleophilic attack and the maximum of f^- shows the preferred site for adsorption of electrophilic agents [22]. For dosulepin, the highest f^+ is associated with S atom and the highest f^- occurs at N atom in both gas and solution media. The doxepin site for nucleophilic attack is the C26 atom and for

Table 3. Quantum Chemical Descriptors of Dosulepin and Doxepin

| Molecular descriptors | Parameter | Dosulepin | | | | Doxepin | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| | | Gas | | Solvent | | Gas | | Solvent | |
| | | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 |
| HOMO (eV) | - | -4.427 | -4.601 | -4.670 | -4.852 | -4.639 | -4.819 | -4.866 | -5.048 |
| LUMO (eV) | - | -1.606 | -1.818 | -1.793 | -2.006 | -1.442 | -1.670 | -1.674 | -1.913 |
| ΔE (eV) | - | 2.821 | 2.783 | 2.877 | 2.846 | 3.196 | 3.148 | 3.192 | 3.135 |
| IP = [E(+1) - E(0)] (eV) | Energetic | 6.422 | 6.626 | 5.061 | 5.262 | 6.631 | 6.848 | 5.281 | 5.501 |
| IP = -E _{HOMO} (eV) | Orbital | 4.427 | 4.601 | 4.670 | 4.852 | 4.639 | 4.819 | 4.866 | 5.048 |
| EA = [E(0) - E(-1)] (eV) | Energetic | -0.127 | 0.073 | 1.578 | 1.787 | -0.367 | -0.156 | 1.431 | 1.663 |
| EA = -E _{LUMO} (eV) | Orbital | 1.606 | 1.818 | 1.793 | 2.006 | 1.442 | 1.670 | 1.674 | 1.913 |
| (I - A)/2 (eV) = η | Energetic | 3.275 | 3.276 | 1.741 | 1.738 | 3.499 | 3.502 | 1.925 | 1.919 |
| | Orbital | 1.411 | 1.391 | 1.439 | 1.423 | 1.598 | 1.574 | 1.596 | 1.567 |
| $\chi = (I + A)/2$ (eV) | Energetic | 3.148 | 3.349 | 3.319 | 3.524 | 3.132 | 3.346 | 3.356 | 3.582 |
| | Orbital | 3.016 | 3.209 | 3.232 | 3.429 | 3.04 | 3.244 | 3.27 | 3.480 |
| $\sigma = 1/\eta$ (eV ⁻¹) | Energetic | 0.305 | 0.305 | 0.574 | 0.575 | 0.286 | 0.286 | 0.519 | 0.521 |
| | Orbital | 0.709 | 0.719 | 0.695 | 0.703 | 0.626 | 0.635 | 0.627 | 0.638 |
| $\omega = \chi^2/2\eta$ (eV) | Energetic | 1.513 | 1.712 | 3.164 | 3.574 | 1.402 | 1.598 | 2.925 | 3.343 |
| | Orbital | 3.225 | 3.701 | 3.63 | 4.133 | 2.892 | 3.344 | 3.35 | 3.865 |
| $\omega^- = (3I + A)^2/16(I - A)$ (eV) | Energetic | 3.496 | 3.796 | 5.041 | 5.553 | 3.405 | 3.709 | 4.843 | 5.374 |
| | Orbital | 4.91 | 5.480 | 5.425 | 6.025 | 4.612 | 5.163 | 5.184 | 5.801 |
| $\omega^+ = (I + 3A)^2/16(I - A)$ (eV) | Energetic | 0.348 | 0.447 | 1.722 | 2.029 | 0.273 | 0.363 | 1.487 | 1.792 |
| | Orbital | 1.893 | 2.271 | 2.194 | 2.596 | 1.572 | 1.918 | 1.914 | 2.321 |
| $\Delta\omega_{\pm} = (\omega^+ + \omega^-)$ (eV) | Energetic | 3.844 | 4.243 | 6.763 | 7.582 | 3.679 | 4.072 | 6.331 | 7.166 |
| | Orbital | 6.803 | 7.750 | 7.619 | 8.621 | 6.184 | 7.081 | 7.099 | 8.122 |
| Dipole moment (μ) (D) | - | 1.573 | 1.575 | 2.542 | 2.507 | 0.949 | 0.937 | 1.585 | 1.558 |
| Solvation energy (kcal mol ⁻¹) | - | - | - | -9.002 | -9.47 | - | - | -9.852 | -10.39 |

Table 4. Calculated Fukui Functions for Electrophilic Agents

| Atom | Dosulepin | | | | Doxepin | | | |
|------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| | Gas | | Solvent | | Gas | | Solvent | |
| | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 |
| C1 | 0.036 | 0.037 | 0.049 | 0.049 | 0.034 | 0.036 | 0.047 | 0.046 |
| C2 | 0.038 | 0.040 | 0.054 | 0.053 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.022 | 0.021 |
| C3 | -0.003 | 0.000 | 0.014 | 0.012 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.024 | 0.026 |
| C4 | 0.028 | 0.024 | 0.026 | 0.028 | 0.004 | 0.003 | 0.016 | 0.018 |
| C5 | 0.024 | 0.024 | 0.034 | 0.028 | 0.016 | 0.017 | 0.028 | 0.030 |
| C6 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.019 | 0.019 | 0.010 | 0.009 | 0.017 | 0.018 |
| O | - | - | - | - | 0.015 | 0.013 | 0.012 | 0.013 |
| S | 0.099 | 0.094 | 0.094 | 0.092 | - | - | - | - |
| C8 | -0.014 | -0.012 | -0.006 | -0.003 | -0.017 | -0.016 | -0.008 | -0.007 |
| C9 | 0.011 | 0.014 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.024 | 0.025 | 0.035 | 0.038 |
| C10 | 0.025 | 0.023 | 0.041 | 0.042 | 0.034 | 0.034 | 0.041 | 0.042 |
| C11 | -0.003 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.008 | 0.020 | 0.024 | 0.032 | 0.032 |
| C12 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.022 | 0.026 | 0.022 | 0.023 | 0.038 | 0.040 |
| C13 | 0.015 | 0.016 | 0.023 | 0.023 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.024 | 0.027 |
| C14 | 0.041 | 0.045 | 0.056 | 0.059 | 0.061 | 0.063 | 0.076 | 0.075 |
| C15 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.014 | 0.017 | 0.012 | 0.014 | 0.026 | 0.028 |
| C26 | 0.077 | 0.074 | 0.082 | 0.092 | 0.098 | 0.103 | 0.121 | 0.120 |
| C28 | -0.028 | -0.021 | -0.022 | -0.019 | -0.029 | -0.030 | -0.027 | -0.027 |
| C31 | -0.005 | -0.005 | 0.003 | -0.005 | -0.003 | -0.002 | -0.005 | -0.005 |
| N34 | 0.013 | 0.010 | 0.000 | 0.007 | -0.007 | -0.007 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| C35 | -0.009 | -0.009 | 0.006 | -0.005 | -0.014 | -0.014 | -0.003 | -0.003 |
| C39 | -0.012 | -0.015 | -0.005 | -0.004 | -0.014 | -0.013 | -0.004 | -0.004 |

electrophilic attack is the N atom in both gas and solution media. The calculated values of the Fukui functions are reported in Tables 4 and 5.

Thermodynamic Properties

Thermodynamic properties are used to describe the effects of temperature on structural stabilities of materials.

Entropy (S), heat capacity (C_p), enthalpy (H) and Gibbs free energy (G) of dosulepin and doxepin were calculated at different temperatures in both gas and solution media. The results show that the evaluated thermodynamic data for two compounds are very similar and near together. Since they have similar structures and the difference is the presence of oxygen (in the doxepin) and sulfur (in the dosulepin).

Table 5. Calculated Fukui Functions for Nucleophilic Agents

| Atom | Dosulepin | | | | Doxepin | | | |
|------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| | Gas | | Solvent | | Gas | | Solvent | |
| | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 | BLYP | PW91 |
| C1 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.004 | 0.006 |
| C2 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.001 | 0.003 |
| C3 | -0.006 | -0.009 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.004 |
| C4 | -0.017 | -0.015 | -0.005 | -0.011 | -0.012 | -0.013 | -0.001 | -0.002 |
| C5 | -0.007 | -0.008 | 0.002 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.001 | 0.006 | 0.004 |
| C6 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.004 |
| O | - | - | - | - | -0.003 | -0.001 | 0.002 | 0.002 |
| S | 0.022 | 0.022 | 0.021 | 0.021 | - | - | - | - |
| C8 | -0.005 | -0.005 | 0.000 | -0.003 | -0.006 | -0.006 | 0.000 | -0.001 |
| C9 | 0.007 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.007 | 0.006 |
| C10 | -0.009 | -0.007 | -0.001 | 0.000 | -0.012 | -0.013 | 0.001 | 0.000 |
| C11 | 0.049 | 0.050 | 0.030 | 0.034 | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.015 | 0.019 |
| C12 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.007 | 0.006 | -0.008 | -0.008 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| C13 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.003 |
| C14 | 0.013 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.011 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.007 |
| C15 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.002 | 0.004 |
| C26 | -0.028 | -0.020 | 0.009 | 0.007 | -0.024 | -0.026 | -0.001 | 0.002 |
| C28 | -0.003 | -0.009 | -0.006 | -0.003 | -0.023 | -0.022 | -0.020 | -0.021 |
| C31 | -0.035 | -0.033 | -0.027 | -0.020 | -0.057 | -0.057 | -0.042 | -0.039 |
| N34 | 0.166 | 0.167 | 0.223 | 0.212 | 0.197 | 0.198 | 0.250 | 0.238 |
| C35 | -0.048 | -0.045 | -0.037 | -0.028 | -0.054 | -0.052 | -0.029 | -0.028 |
| C39 | -0.053 | -0.046 | -0.026 | -0.024 | -0.056 | -0.054 | -0.030 | -0.028 |

Nevertheless, in order to evaluate the effect of these atoms in dosulepin and doxepin, their thermodynamic properties are studied.

The corresponding fitting equations used to calculate thermodynamic properties of dosulepin and doxepin are shown in Table 6. These equations could be used for interaction of dosulepin or doxepin with other compounds.

For example, in order to calculate the Gibbs free energy of the reaction of dosulepin with any other compounds, thermodynamic properties of dosulepin could be obtained from these equations, which will in turn help to judge the spontaneity of the reaction.

It can be seen from Figure 3 and Table 6 that the Gibbs free energy gradually decreases with the increase in

Table 6. Equations Used to Calculate Thermodynamic Properties of Dosulepin and Doxepin in Gas and Liquid Phases (BLYP and PW91)

| Compound | Phase | B3LYp | PW91 | R ² |
|-----------|----------|---|---|----------------|
| Dosulepin | Gas | $S = 57.8624 + 0.3152T - 6.5 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $S = 58.2878 + 0.3131T - 6.4 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9998$ |
| | | $C_p = 1.8980 + 0.3043T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $C_p = 1.7609 + 0.3035T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9991$ |
| | | $H = 213.2359 + 0.0261T - 9.22 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $H = 214.1885 + 0.0257T - 9.23 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9994$ |
| | | $H = 214.1885 + 0.0257T - 9.23 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $H = 214.1885 + 0.0257T - 9.23 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9999$ |
| | Solution | $S = 56.8021 + 0.3133T - 6.4 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $S = 59.3958 + 0.3122T - 6.3 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9998$ |
| | | $C_p = 1.2679 + 0.3069T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $C_p = 1.4947 + 0.3047T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9991$ |
| | | $H = 213.0843 + 0.0259T - 9.25 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $H = 213.9557 + 0.0259T - 9.25 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9994$ |
| | | $G = 216.6616 - 0.0706T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $G = 217.4961 - 0.0732T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9999$ |
| Doxepin | Gas | $S = 58.43 + 0.3049T - 6.0 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $S = 57.4308 + 0.3017T - 5.8 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9999$ |
| | | $C_p = 1.1794 + 0.2997T - 11 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $C_p = 0.7358 + 0.2994T - 11 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9987$ |
| | | $H = 216.1582 + 0.0240T - 9.27 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $H = 217.6176 + 0.0235T - 9.28 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9995$ |
| | | $G = 219.4815 - 0.0714T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $G = 220.8698 - 0.0699T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9999$ |
| | Solution | $S = 57.8009 + 0.3042T - 5.9 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $S = 58.8421 + 0.3049T - 6 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9999$ |
| | | $C_p = 0.8599 + 0.30122T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $C_p = 1.1337 + 0.3000T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9987$ |
| | | $H = 216.0178 + 0.0239T - 9.29 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $H = 216.8479 + 0.0224T - 9.27 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9995$ |
| | | $G = 219.3296 - 0.0705T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $G = 220.1785 - 0.0718T - 12 \times 10^{-5}T^2$ | $R^2 = 0.9999$ |

temperature, while entropy, heat capacity and enthalpy gradually increase with temperature in both gas and solution media. The smaller Gibbs free energy is indicative of the better thermal stability of the compound [23]. Figure 4 and Table 6 show that thermal stability of dosulepin is slightly better than doxepin in both gas and solution media.

CONCLUSIONS

Theoretical studies of the vibrational spectra, molecular

structure and thermodynamic properties of dosulepin and doxepin were carried out in gas and solution media by GGA-BLYP and GGA-PW91 modeling methods. Computational and chemical simulations were carried out for these drugs. Quantum chemical parameters of dosulepin and doxepin were calculated and compared. The simulation results show that dosulepin is quite a reactive drug. Values have been assigned to the vibrational frequencies of the fundamental modes of these compounds. The BLYP/PW91 analyses of the wavenumbers show that the frequencies assigned to doxepin are higher than those assigned to

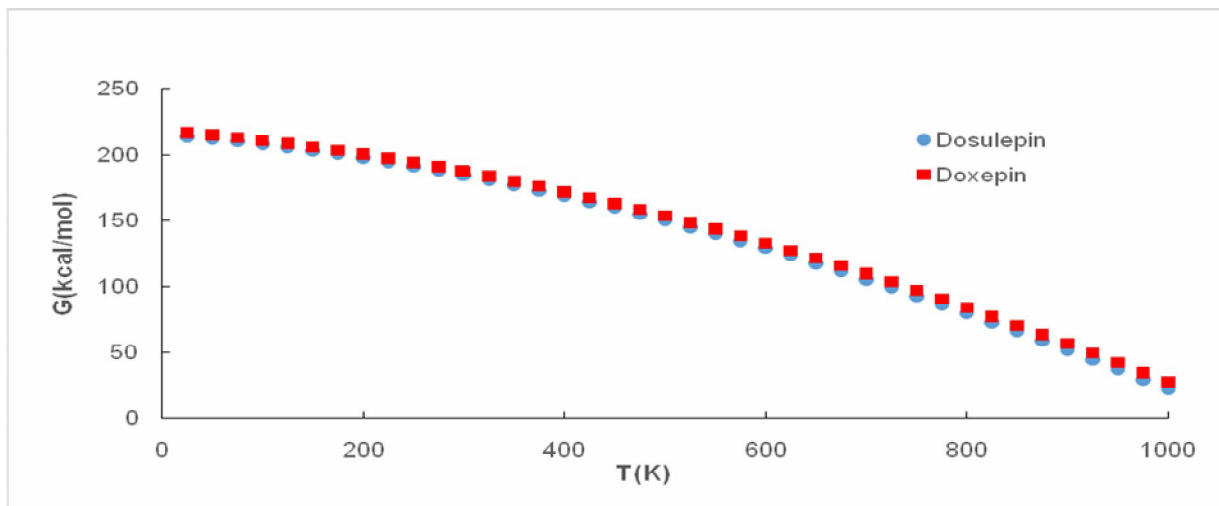


Fig. 3. Thermodynamic properties of dosulepin calculated by BLYP at different temperatures in gas phase.

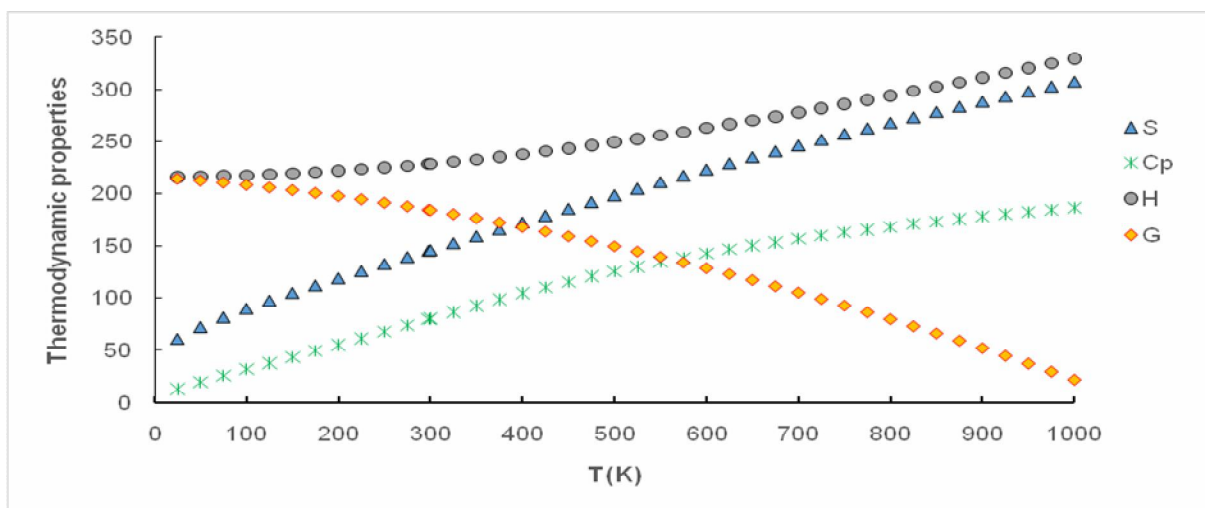


Fig. 4. The Gibbs free energies of dosulepin and doxepin as a function of temperature in gas phase (BLYP).

dosulepin in gas and solution media

The bond length of C-O is shorter than that of C-S. The shorter bond length of C-O is responsible for the appearance of the high frequency peaks in compounds infrared spectra. The Fukui index results show that the site for electrophilic attack is an N atom in dosulepin and doxepin molecules.

The thermodynamic properties of dosulepin and doxepin were calculated at different temperatures and the correlations between entropy, heat capacity, enthalpy, Gibbs free energy and temperatures have also been determined for these compounds. Dosulepin and doxepin can be attractive drugs for further medicinal and pharmacological studies.

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